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[1, 2].

[3, 4].

$$\begin{cases} (M+m)\frac{d^2s(t)}{dt^2} - mL\frac{d^2\varphi(t)}{dt^2}\cos\varphi + mL\frac{d\varphi^2(t)}{dt}\sin\varphi(t) = F(t), \\ -mL\frac{d^2s(t)}{dt^2}\cos\varphi(t) + mL^2\frac{d^2\varphi(t)}{dt} + mgL\sin\varphi(t) = 0, \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

,  $L$  - ,  $g$  - ,  $F$  - ,  $m$  -

$$\frac{ds(t)}{dt} = v(t), \quad \frac{d^2s(t)}{dt^2} = \frac{dv(t)}{dt} = a(t), \quad \frac{d\varphi(t)}{dt} = \omega(t), \quad \frac{d^2\varphi(t)}{dt^2} = \frac{d\omega(t)}{dt} = \varepsilon(t), \quad (2)$$

$v(t)$  - ,  $a(t)$  - ,  $\omega(t)$  -

$\varepsilon(t)$  - , (1) :

$$\begin{cases} (M+m)a(t) - mL\varepsilon(t)\cos\varphi(t) + mL\omega^2(t)\sin\varphi(t) = F(t), \\ -mLa(t)\cos\varphi(t) + mL^2\varepsilon(t) + mgL\sin\varphi(t) = 0. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

(3) [1, 2]

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 $\varphi \approx 0, \quad \cos\varphi \approx 1, \quad \sin\varphi \approx \varphi, \quad \omega^2 \approx 0. \quad (4)$

(3) :

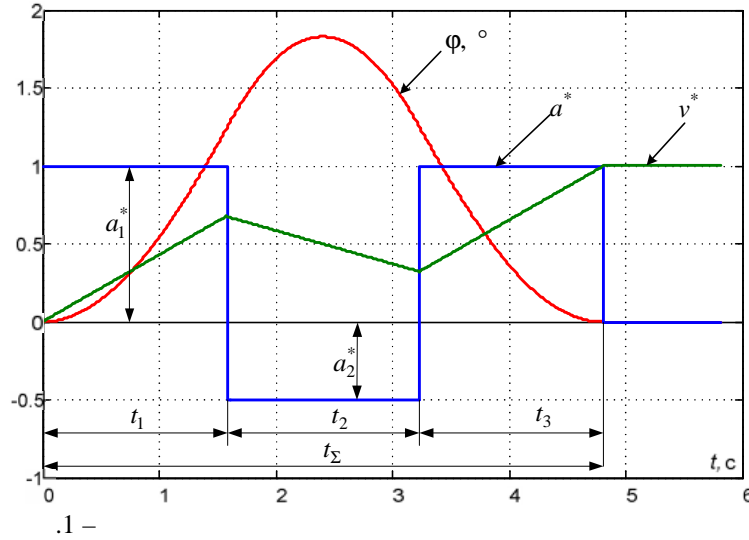
$$\begin{cases} (M+m)a(t) - mL\varepsilon(t) = F(t), \\ -mLa(t) + mL^2\varepsilon(t) + mLg\varphi(t) = 0. \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

[2].

$$\begin{cases} a(t) = F(t)/(M+m), \\ L\varepsilon(t) + g\varphi(t) = a(t). \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{cases} \varphi_i(t) = \frac{\omega_{i0}}{\Omega_0} \sin(\Omega_0 t) + \varphi_{i0} \cos(\Omega_0 t) + \frac{a_i}{\Omega_0^2 L} (1 - \cos(\Omega_0 t)), \\ \omega_i(t) = \omega_{i0} \cos(\Omega_0 t) - \Omega_0 \varphi_{i0} \sin(\Omega_0 t) + \frac{a_i}{\Omega_0 L} \sin(\Omega_0 t), \\ v_i = a_i t + v_{i0}, \\ i = 1, 2, 3, \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

$\varphi_i(t), \omega_i(t), v_i(t)$  — ,  $a_i$  — ,  $\varphi_{i0}, \omega_{i0}, v_{i0}$  — ,  $\Omega_0 = \sqrt{g/L}$  — ,  $L$  — .



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$a_{\max}$  .

(7)

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{a_1}{\Omega_0^2 L} (\cos(\Omega_0 t_\Sigma) - \cos(\Omega_0(t_1 + t_2)) + \cos(\Omega_0 t_3) - 1) - \frac{a_2}{\Omega_0^2 L} (\cos(\Omega_0(t_2 + t_3)) - \cos(\Omega_0 t_3)) = \varphi(t_\Sigma) = 0, \\ \frac{a_1}{\Omega_0 L} (\sin(\Omega_0 t_\Sigma) - \sin(\Omega_0(t_1 + t_2)) + \sin(\Omega_0 t_3)) + \frac{a_2}{\Omega_0 L} (\sin(\Omega_0(t_2 + t_3)) - \sin(\Omega_0 t_3)) = \omega(t_\Sigma) = 0, \\ a_1(t_1 + t_3) + a_2 t_2 = v(t_\Sigma) = v. \end{cases} \quad (8)$$

(8)

(1)

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